

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Passivated, sensitive gate triacs in a plastic envelope, intended for use in general purpose bidirectional switching and phase control applications, where high sensitivity is required in all four quadrants.

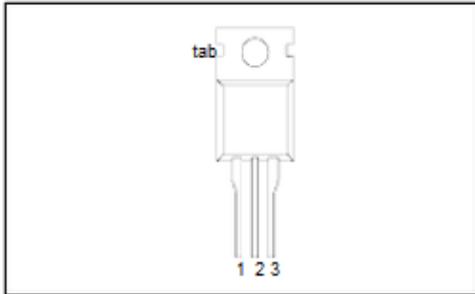
## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{DRM}$	BT136- Repetitive peak off-state voltages	600E 600	800E 800	V
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current	4	4	A
$I_{TSM}$	Non-repetitive peak on-state current	25	25	A

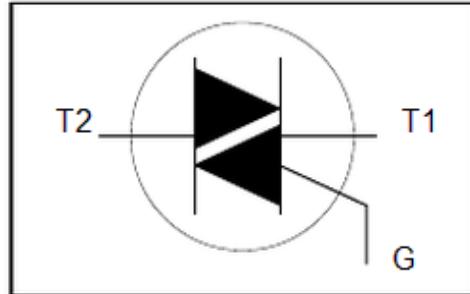
## PINNING - TO220AB

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	main terminal 1
2	main terminal 2
3	gate
tab	main terminal 2

## PIN CONFIGURATION



## SYMBOL



## LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{DRM}$	Repetitive peak off-state voltages		-	-600 600 <sup>1</sup>	V
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{mb} \leq 107^\circ\text{C}$	-	4	A
$I_{TSM}$	Non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ prior to surge			
$I^2t$	$I^2t$ for fusing	$t = 20\text{ ms}$	-	25	A
$dI_T/dt$	Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after triggering	$t = 16.7\text{ ms}$ $t = 10\text{ ms}$ $I_{TM} = 6\text{ A}; I_G = 0.2\text{ A};$ $dI_G/dt = 0.2\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	- - - -	27 3.1	$\mu\text{s}$
$I_{GM}$	Peak gate current	T2+ G+	-	50	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{GM}$	Peak gate voltage	T2+ G-	-	50	V
$P_{GM}$	Peak gate power	T2- G-	-	50	W
$P_{G(AV)}$	Average gate power	T2- G+	-	10	W
$T_{sg}$	Storage temperature	over any 20 ms period	-	2	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Operating junction temperature		-40	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
				125	$^\circ\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup> Although not recommended, off-state voltages up to 800V may be applied without damage, but the triac may switch to the on-state. The rate of rise of current should not exceed 3 A/ $\mu\text{s}$ .

## THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$R_{th,j-mb}$	Thermal resistance junction to mounting base	full cycle	-	-	3.0	K/W
$R_{th,j-a}$	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	half cycle in free air	-	60	3.7	K/W

## STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$I_{GT}$	Gate trigger current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	2.5	10	mA
		$T_2+ G+$	-	4.0	10	mA
		$T_2+ G-$	-	5.0	10	mA
		$T_2- G-$	-	11	25	mA
$I_L$	Latching current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_{GT} = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	3.0	15	mA
		$T_2+ G+$	-	10	20	mA
		$T_2+ G-$	-	2.5	15	mA
		$T_2- G-$	-	4.0	20	mA
$I_H$ $V_T$ $V_{GT}$	Holding current On-state voltage Gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_{GT} = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	2.2	15	mA
		$I_T = 5\text{ A}$	-	1.4	1.70	V
		$V_D = 12\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	0.7	1.5	V
$I_D$	Off-state leakage current	$V_D = 400\text{ V}$ ; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.25	0.4	-	V
		$V_D = V_{DRM(max)}$ ; $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.1	0.5	mA

## DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$dV_D/dt$	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	$V_{DM} = 67\% V_{DRM(max)}$ ; $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ; exponential waveform; gate open circuit	-	50	-	V/ $\mu$ s
$t_{gt}$	Gate controlled turn-on time	$I_{TM} = 6\text{ A}$ ; $V_D = V_{DRM(max)}$ ; $I_G = 0.1\text{ A}$ ; $dI_G/dt = 5\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	2	-	$\mu$ s

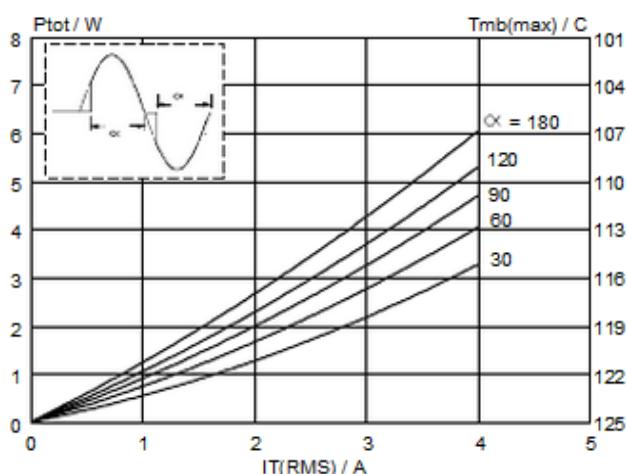


Fig.1. Maximum on-state dissipation,  $P_{tot}$ , versus rms on-state current,  $I_{T(RMS)}$ , where  $\alpha$  = conduction angle.

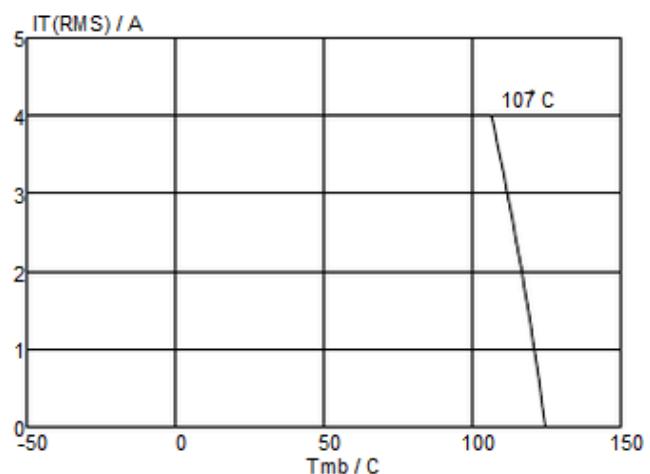


Fig.4. Maximum permissible rms current  $I_{T(RMS)}$ , versus mounting base temperature  $T_{mb}$ .

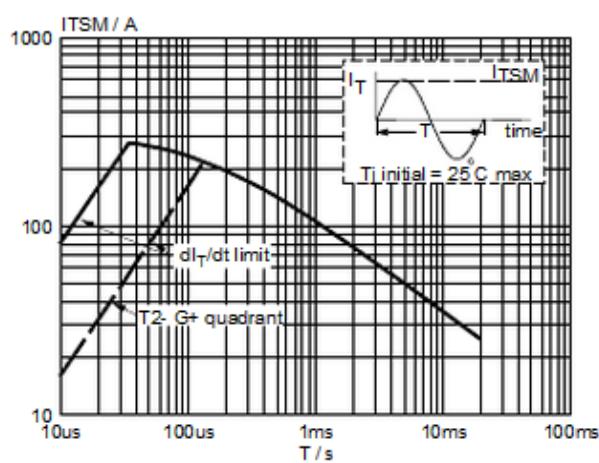


Fig.2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current  $I_{TSM}$ , versus pulse width  $t_p$ , for sinusoidal currents,  $t_p \leq 20ms$ .

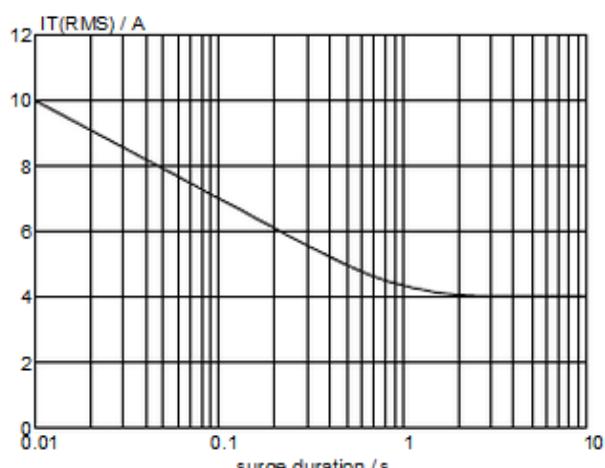


Fig.5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current  $I_{T(RMS)}$ , versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents,  $f = 50$  Hz;  $T_{mb} \leq 107^\circ C$ .

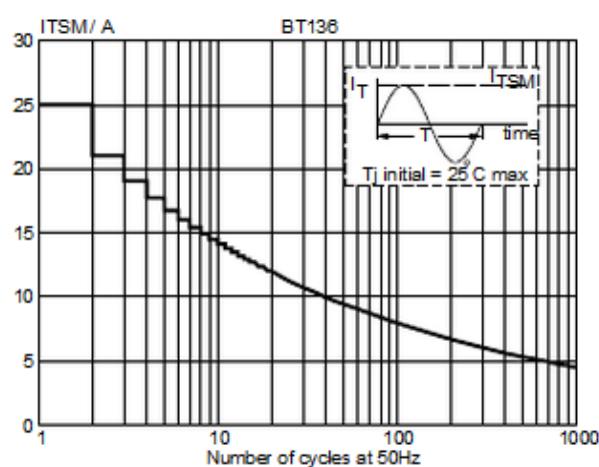


Fig.3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current  $I_{TSM}$ , versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents,  $f = 50$  Hz.

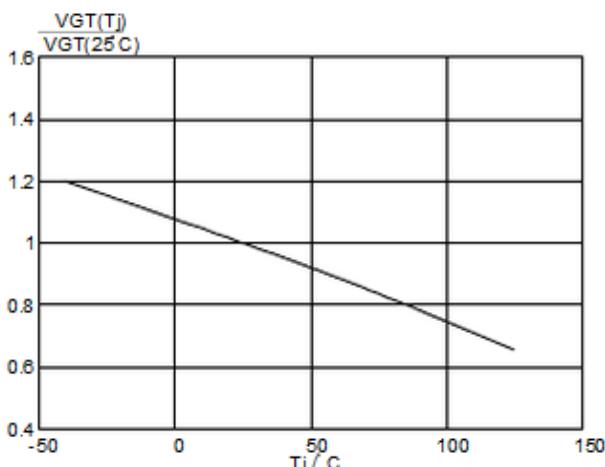


Fig.6. Normalised gate trigger voltage  $V_{GT}(T_j)/V_{GT}(25^\circ C)$ , versus junction temperature  $T_j$ .