

High power cycling capability
 Low on-state and switching losses
 Designed for traction and industrial applications

Phase Control Thyristor Type T453-630-36

Mean on-state current	I_{TAV}	630 A		
Repetitive peak off-state voltage	V_{DRM}	3000 ÷ 3600 V		
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}			
Turn-off time	t_{qf}	400, 500 μ s		
V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}, V	3000	3200	3400	3600
Voltage code	30	32	34	36
$T_j, ^\circ C$	-60 ÷ 125			

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Test conditions	
ON-STATE					
I_{TAV}	Mean on-state current	A	630 1004	$T_c=104^\circ C$, Double side cooled $T_c=85^\circ C$, Double side cooled 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{TRMS}	RMS on-state current	A	989	$T_c=104^\circ C$, Double side cooled 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{TSM}	Surge on-state current	kA	19.0 22.0	$T_j=T_{j \max}$ $T_j=25^\circ C$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10$ ms; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0$ V; Gate pulse: $I_G=2$ A; $t_{GP}=50$ μ s; $di_G/dt \geq 1$ A/ μ s
			20.0 23.0	$T_j=T_{j \max}$ $T_j=25^\circ C$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3$ ms; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0$ V; Gate pulse: $I_G=2$ A; $t_{GP}=50$ μ s; $di_G/dt \geq 1$ A/ μ s
I^2t	Safety factor	$A^2 \cdot 10^3$	1800 2400	$T_j=T_{j \max}$ $T_j=25^\circ C$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10$ ms; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0$ V; Gate pulse: $I_G=2$ A; $t_{GP}=50$ μ s; $di_G/dt \geq 1$ A/ μ s
			1600 2100	$T_j=T_{j \max}$ $T_j=25^\circ C$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3$ ms; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0$ V; Gate pulse: $I_G=2$ A; $t_{GP}=50$ μ s; $di_G/dt \geq 1$ A/ μ s
BLOCKING					
V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	3000 ÷ 3600	$T_{j \min} < T_j < T_{j \max}$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz; Gate open	
V_{DSM}, V_{RSM}	Non-repetitive peak off-state and Non-repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	3100 ÷ 3700	$T_{j \min} < T_j < T_{j \max}$; 180° half-sine wave; single pulse; Gate open	
V_D, V_R	Direct off-state and Direct reverse voltages	V	$0.6V_{DRM}$ $0.6V_{RRM}$	$T_j=T_{j \max}$; Gate open	

TRIGGERING				
I_{FGM}	Peak forward gate current	A	8	$T_j=T_{j \max}$
V_{RGM}	Peak reverse gate voltage	V	5	
P_G	Gate power dissipation	W	4	$T_j=T_{j \max}$ for DC gate current
SWITCHING				
$(di_T/dt)_{crit}$	Critical rate of rise of on-state current non-repetitive ($f=1$ Hz)	$A/\mu s$	1250	$T_j=T_{j \max}; V_D=0.67V_{DRM}; I_{TM}=4400 A;$ Gate pulse: $I_G=2 A$; $t_{GP}=50 \mu s$; $di_G/dt \geq 2 A/\mu s$
THERMAL				
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	$^{\circ}C$	-60÷50	
T_j	Operating junction temperature	$^{\circ}C$	-60÷125	
MECHANICAL				
F	Mounting force	kN	24.0÷28.0	
a	Acceleration	m/s^2	50	Device clamped

CHARACTERISTICS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Conditions
ON-STATE				
V_{TM}	Peak on-state voltage, max	V	1.80	$T_j=25 ^{\circ}C; I_{TM}=1978 A$
$V_{T(TO)}$	On-state threshold voltage, max	V	1.088	$T_j=T_{j \max};$
r_T	On-state slope resistance, max	$m\Omega$	0.457	$0.5 \pi I_{TAV} < I_T < 1.5 \pi I_{TAV}$
I_L	Latching current, max	mA	1500	$T_j=25 ^{\circ}C; V_D=12 V;$ Gate pulse: $I_G=2 A$; $t_{GP}=50 \mu s$; $di_G/dt \geq 1 A/\mu s$
I_H	Holding current, max	mA	300	$T_j=25 ^{\circ}C;$ $V_D=12 V$; Gate open
BLOCKING				
I_{DRM}, I_{RRM}	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse currents, max	mA	150	$T_j=T_{j \max};$ $V_D=V_{DRM}; V_R=V_{RRM}$
$(dv_D/dt)_{crit}$	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage ¹⁾ , min	$V/\mu s$	200, 320, 500, 1000, 1600, 2000, 2500	$T_j=T_{j \max};$ $V_D=0.67V_{DRM}$; Gate open
TRIGGERING				
V_{GT}	Gate trigger direct voltage, max	V	3.00 2.50 1.50	$T_j=T_{j \min}$ $T_j=25 ^{\circ}C$ $T_j=T_{j \max}$
I_{GT}	Gate trigger direct current, max	mA	500 300 150	$T_j=T_{j \min}$ $T_j=25 ^{\circ}C$ $T_j=T_{j \max}$
V_{GD}	Gate non-trigger direct voltage, min	V	0.35	$T_j=T_{j \max};$
I_{GD}	Gate non-trigger direct current, min	mA	65.00	$V_D=0.67V_{DRM};$ Direct gate current
SWITCHING				
t_{gd}	Delay time	μs	1.85	$T_j=25 ^{\circ}C; V_D=1500 V; I_{TM}=I_{TAV};$ $di/dt=200 A/\mu s;$
t_{gt}	Turn-on time, max	μs	7.00	Gate pulse: $I_G=2 A; V_G=20 V$; $t_{GP}=50 \mu s$; $di_G/dt=2 A/\mu s$
t_q	Turn-off time ²⁾ , max	μs	400, 500	$dv_D/dt=50 V/\mu s; T_j=T_{j \max}; I_{TM}=I_{TAV};$ $di_R/dt=-10 A/\mu s; V_R=100 V;$ $V_D=0.67V_{DRM}$
Q_{rr}	Total recovered charge, max	μC	3000	$T_j=T_{j \max}; I_{TM}=I_{TAV};$
t_{rr}	Reverse recovery time, max	μs	50	$di_R/dt=-5 A/\mu s;$
I_{rrM}	Peak reverse recovery current, max	A	120	$V_R=100 V;$

THERMAL						
R_{thjc}	Thermal resistance, junction to case, max			0.0180	Direct current	Double side cooled
R_{thjc-A}				0.0396		Anode side cooled
R_{thjc-K}				0.0324		Cathode side cooled
R_{thck}	Thermal resistance, case to heatsink, max		$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$	0.0040	Direct current	

MECHANICAL

W	Weight, max	g	510			
D_s	Surface creepage distance	mm (inch)	31.60 (1.244)			
D_a	Air strike distance	mm (inch)	16.50 (0.649)			

PART NUMBERING GUIDE

T	453	630	36	A2	E2	N
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

1. Phase Control Thyristor
2. Design version
3. Mean on-state current, A
4. Voltage code
5. Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage, V/ μs
6. Turn-off time ($\text{dv}_D/\text{dt}=50 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$)
7. Ambient conditions: N – normal; T – tropical

NOTES

¹⁾ Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage

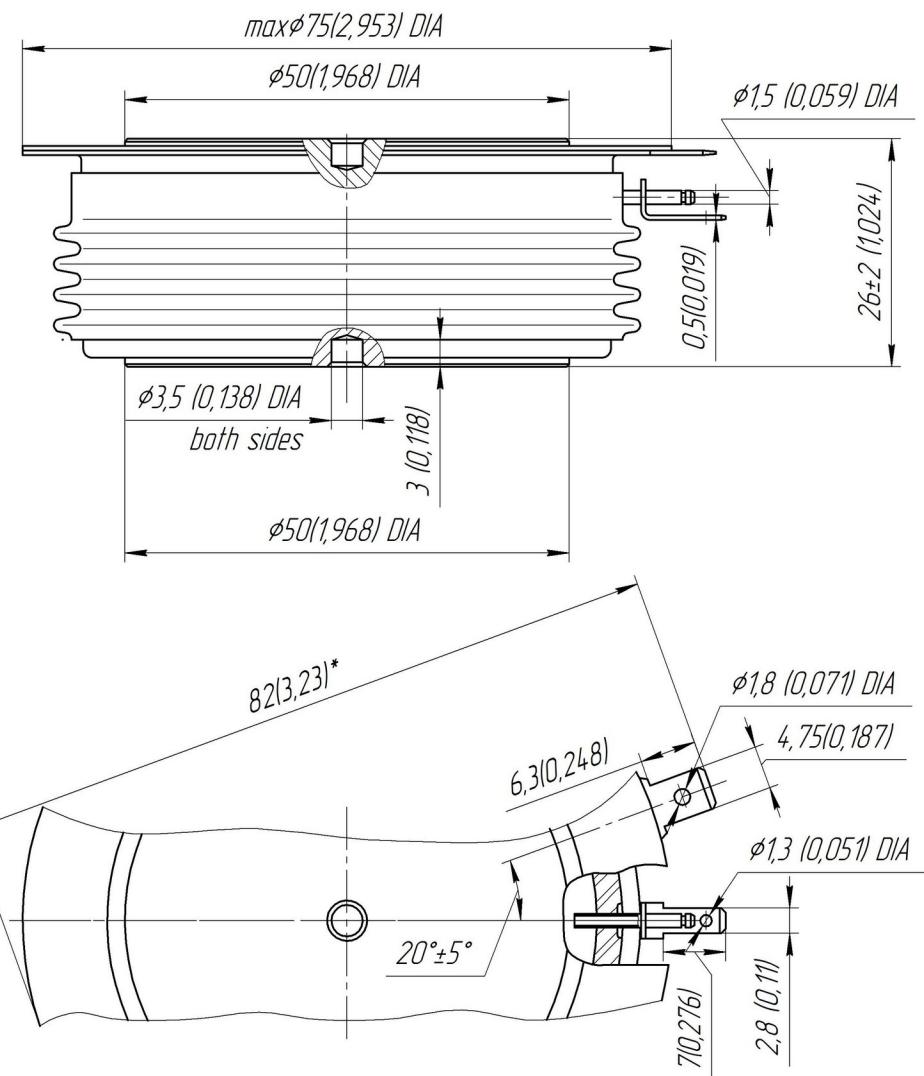
Symbol of Group (dv_D/dt) _{crit} , V/ μs	P2	K2	E2	A2	T1	P1	M1
	200	320	500	1000	1600	2000	2500

²⁾ Turn-off time ($\text{dv}_D/\text{dt}=50 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$)

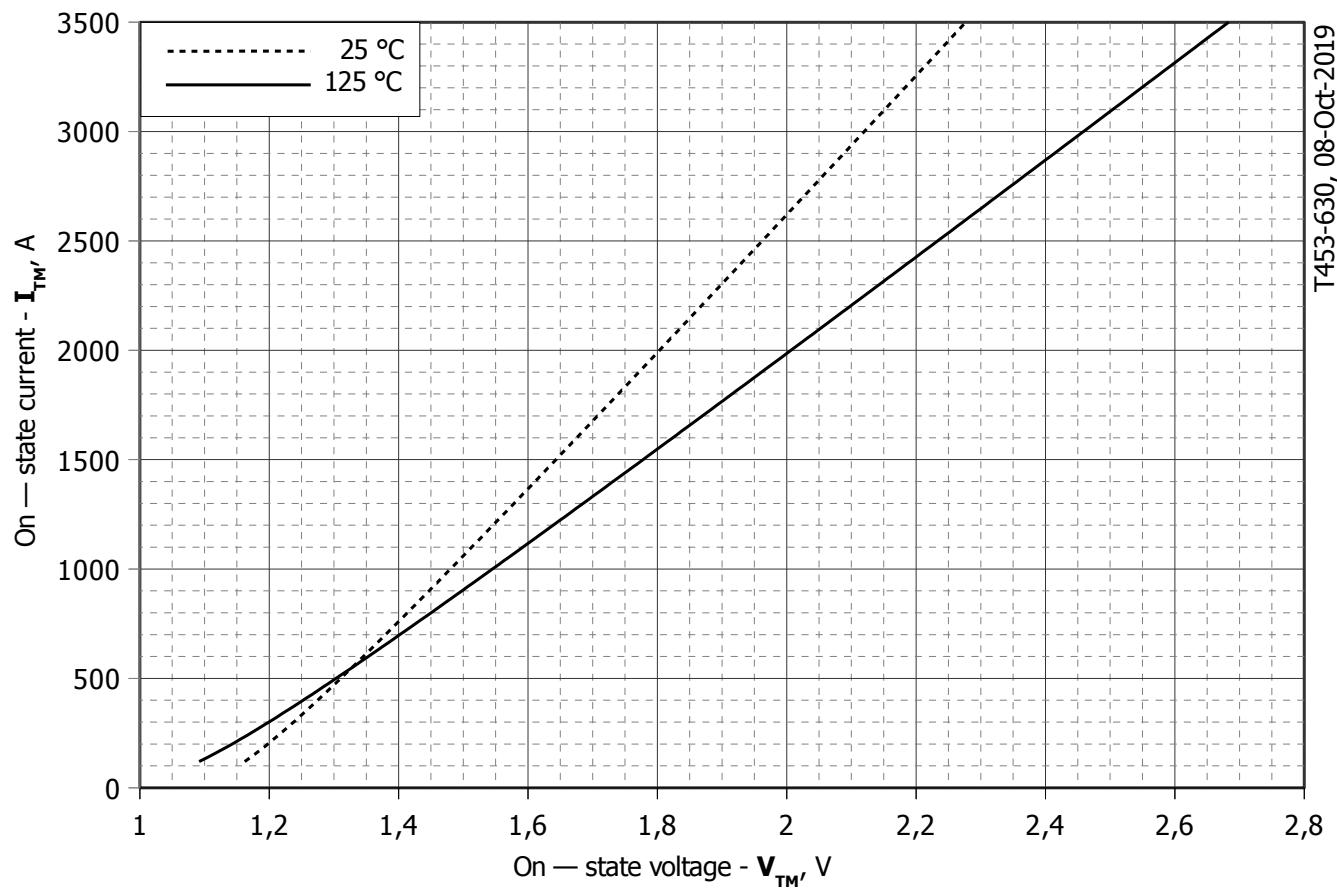
Symbol of Group t_{tr} , μs	H2	E2
	400	500

OVERALL DIMENSIONS

Package type: T.D5



All dimensions in millimeters (inches)

**Fig 1 – On-state characteristics of Limit device**

Analytical function for On-state characteristic:

$$V_T = A + B \cdot i_T + C \cdot \ln(i_T + 1) + D \cdot \sqrt{i_T}$$

	Coefficients for max curves	
	T _j = 25°C	T _j = T _{j max}
A	1.02390000	0.89450000
B	0.00030495	0.00043689
C	0.02044100	0.02944900
D	0.00031848	0.00032465

On-state characteristic model (see Fig. 1)

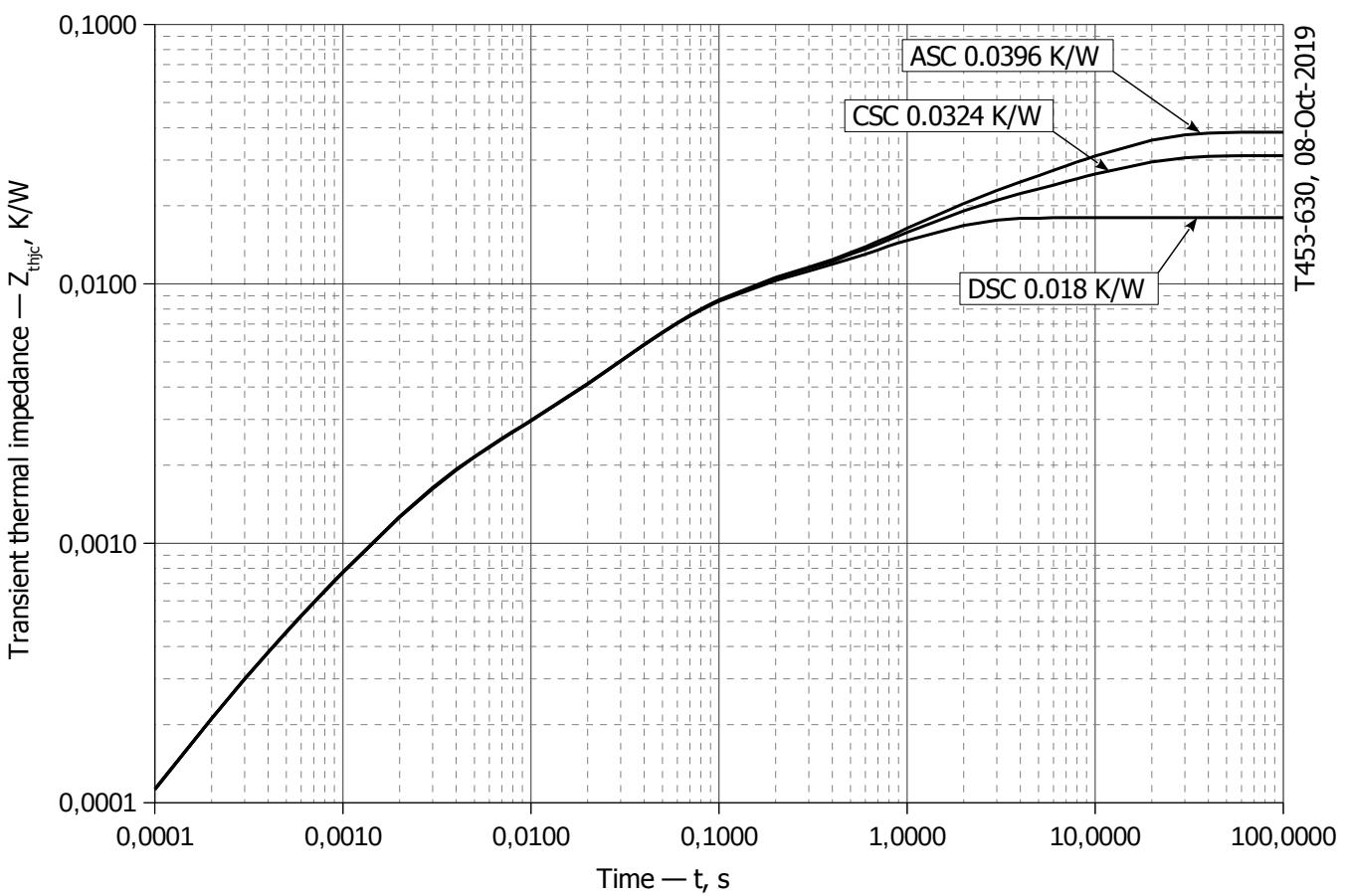


Fig 2 – Transient thermal impedance Z_{thjc} vs. time t

Analytical function for Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} for DC:

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_i}} \right)$$

Where $i = 1$ to n , n is the number of terms in the series.

t = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.

Z_{thjc} = Thermal resistance at time t .

R_i = Amplitude of p_{th} term.

τ_i = Time constant of r_{th} term.

DC Double side cooled

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
R_i , K/W	0.009241	0.006037	0.001231	0.001054	0.0003396	0.00009575
τ_i , s	0.9673	0.04967	0.002733	0.07734	0.001638	0.0002248

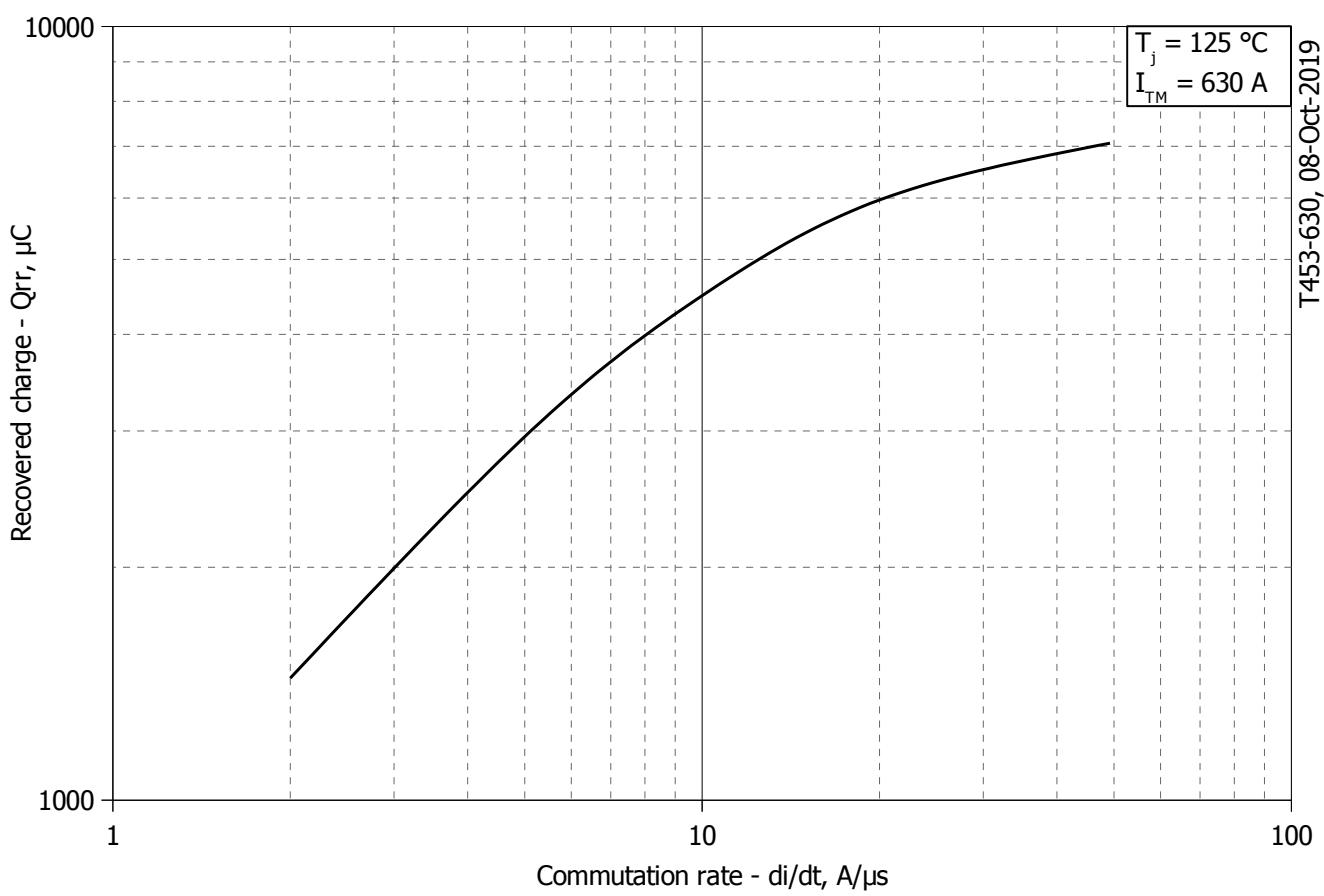
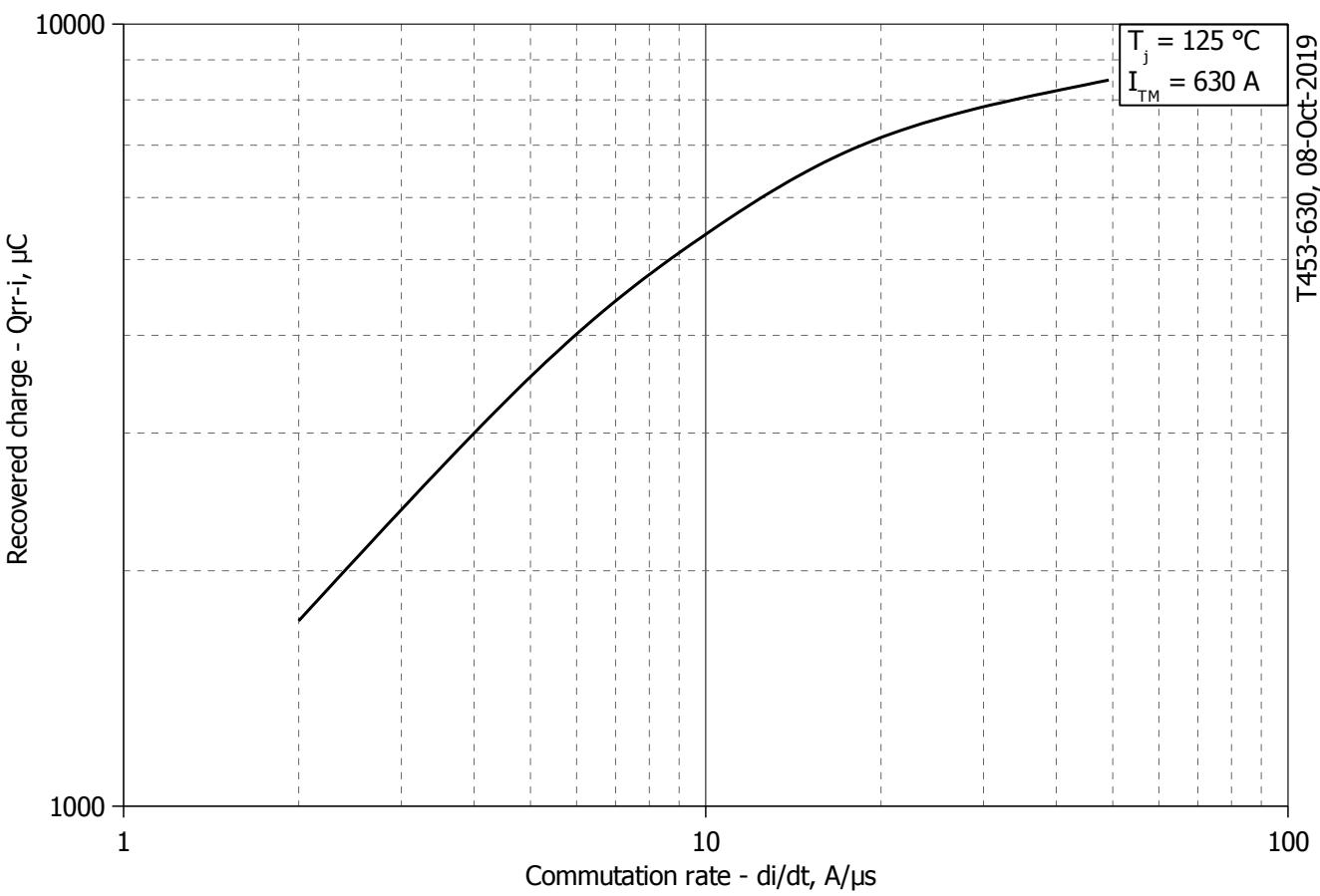
DC Anode side cooled

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
R_i , K/W	0.01318	0.009281	0.006055	0.001018	0.001535	0.0001182
τ_i , s	9.745	1.028	0.05591	0.03732	0.002468	0.0002687

DC Cathode side cooled

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
R_i , K/W	0.02041	0.009325	0.006949	0.0001252	0.001516	0.0001119
τ_i , s	9.752	1.065	0.05344	0.01407	0.002421	0.0002554

Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} model (see Fig. 2)



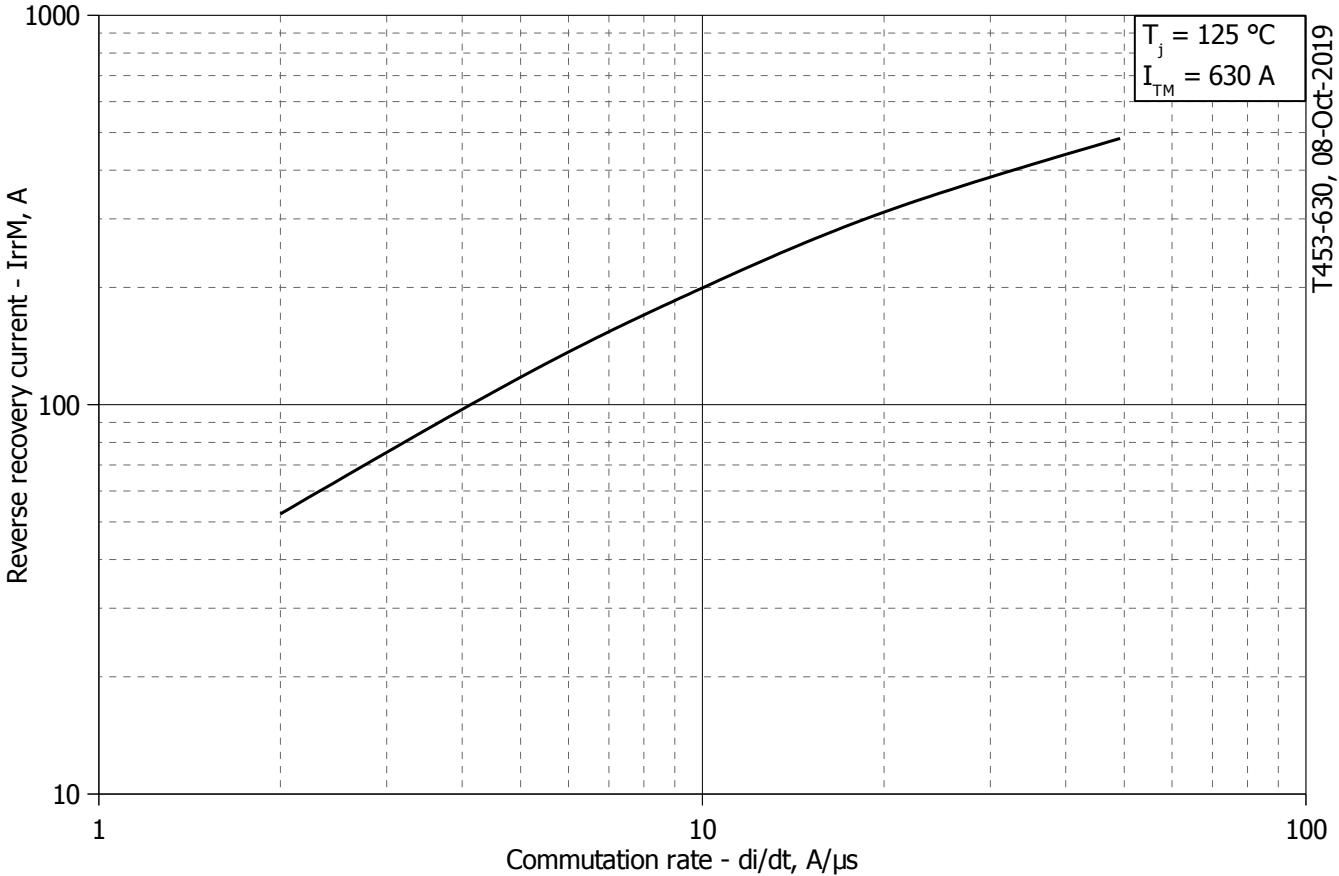


Fig 5 – Maximum reverse recovery current I_{rrM} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt

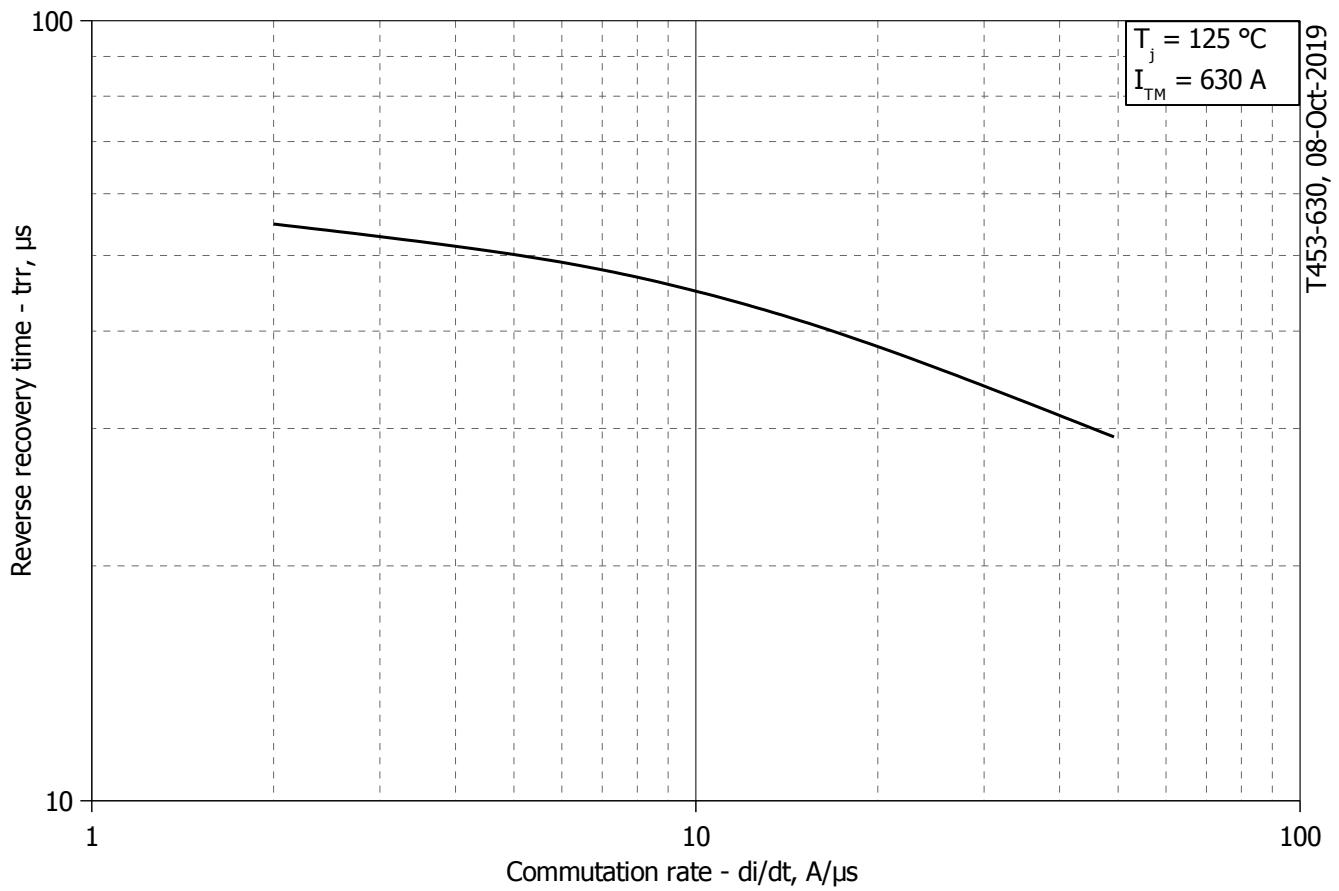


Fig 6 – Maximum recovery time t_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt (25% chord)

T453-630, 08-Oct-2019

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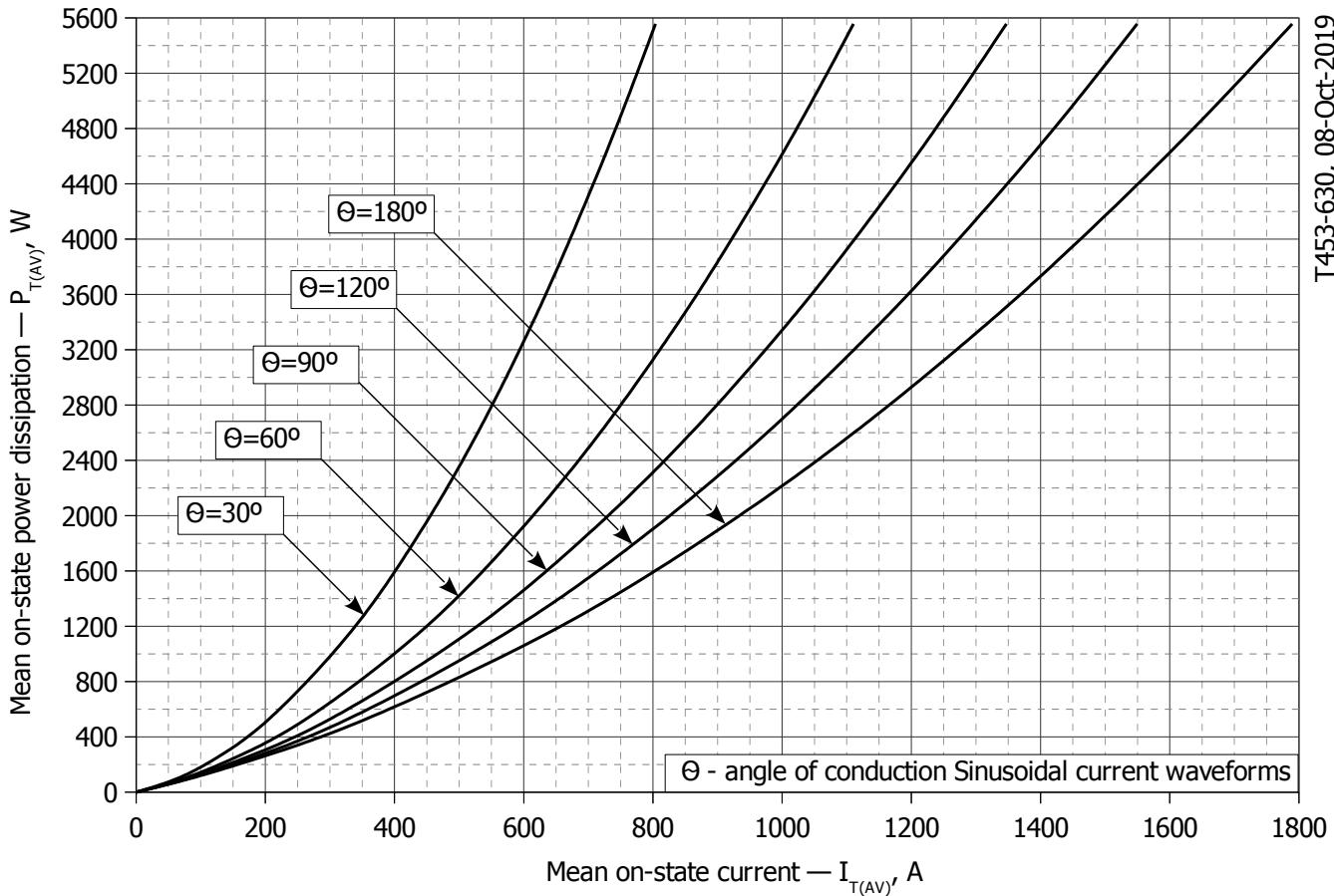


Fig. 7 - Mean on-state power dissipation P_{TAV} vs. mean on-state current I_{TAV} for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles (f=50Hz, DSC)

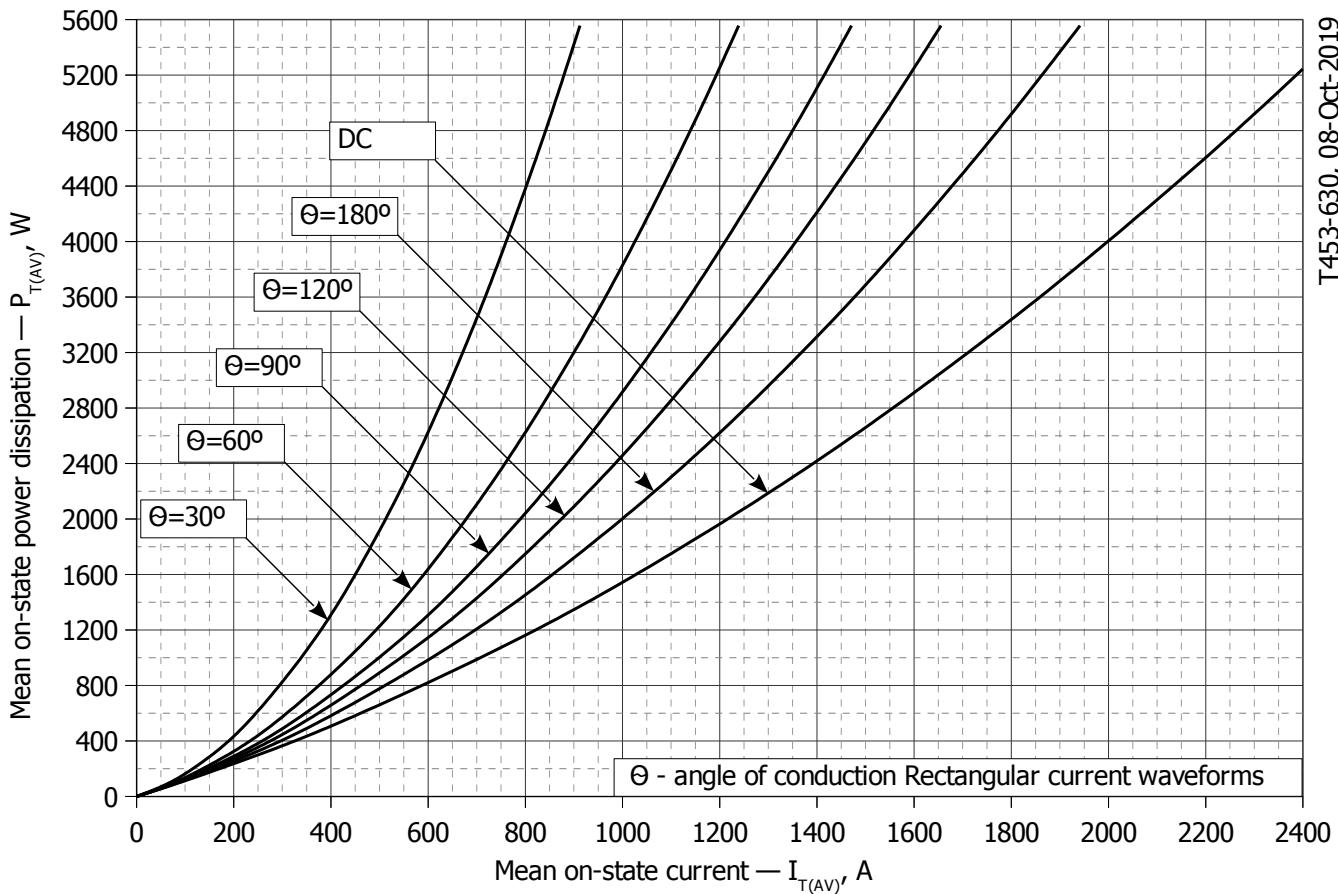


Fig. 8 – Mean on-state power dissipation P_{TAV} vs. mean on-state current I_{TAV} for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC (f=50Hz, DSC)

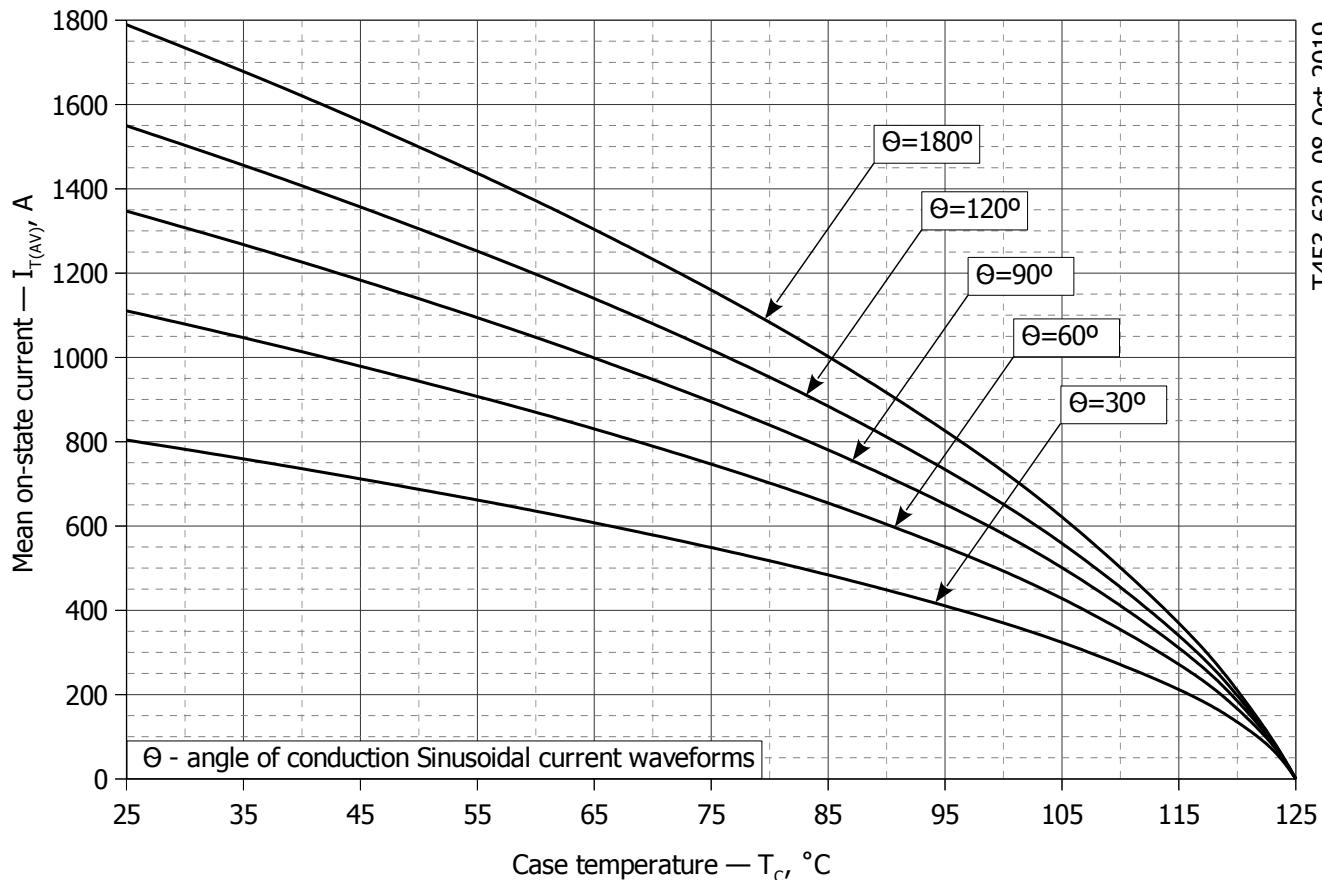


Fig. 9 – Mean on-state current I_{TAV} vs. case temperature T_c for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles (f=50Hz, DSC)

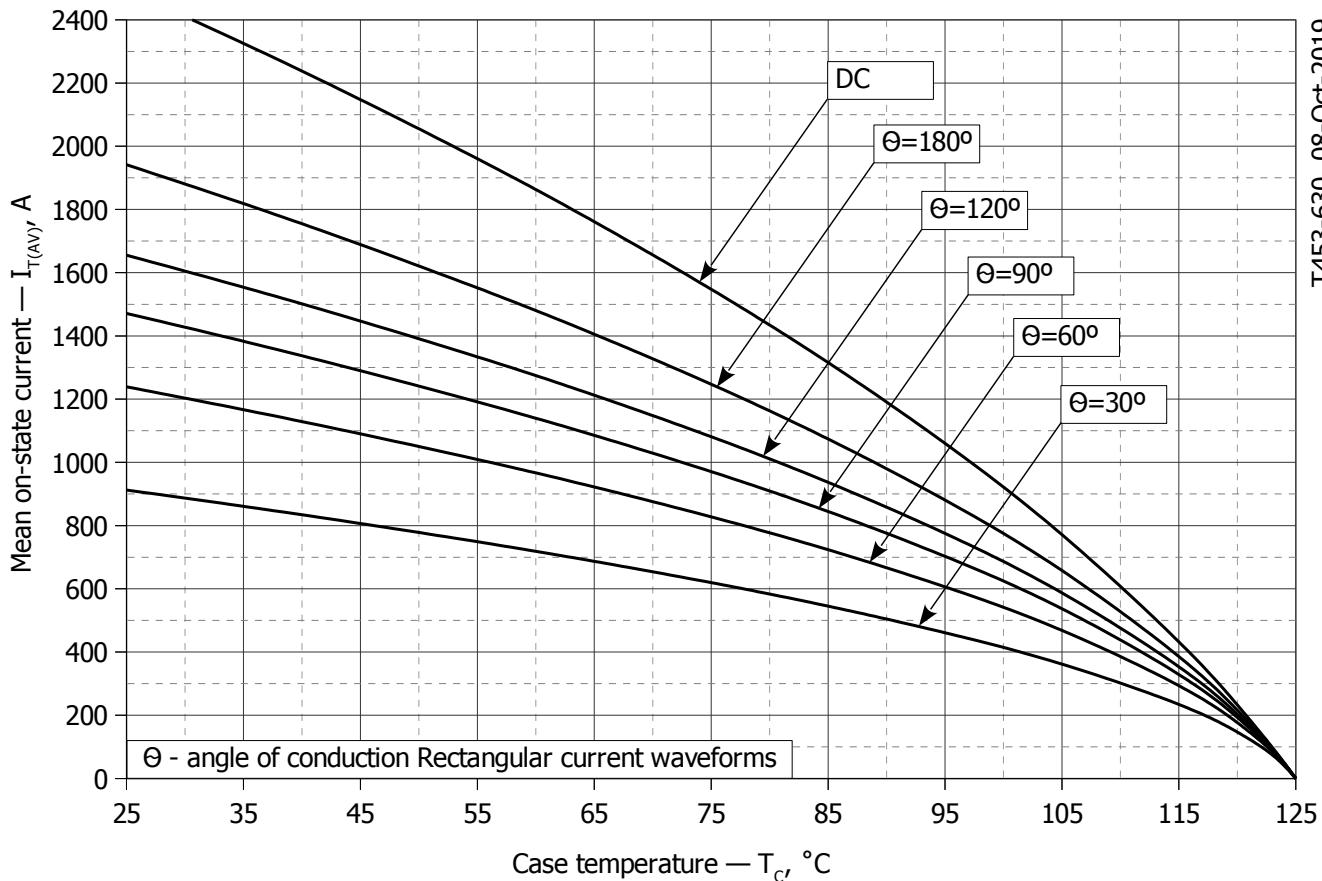


Fig. 10 - Mean on-state current I_{TAV} vs. case temperature T_c for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC (f=50Hz, DSC)

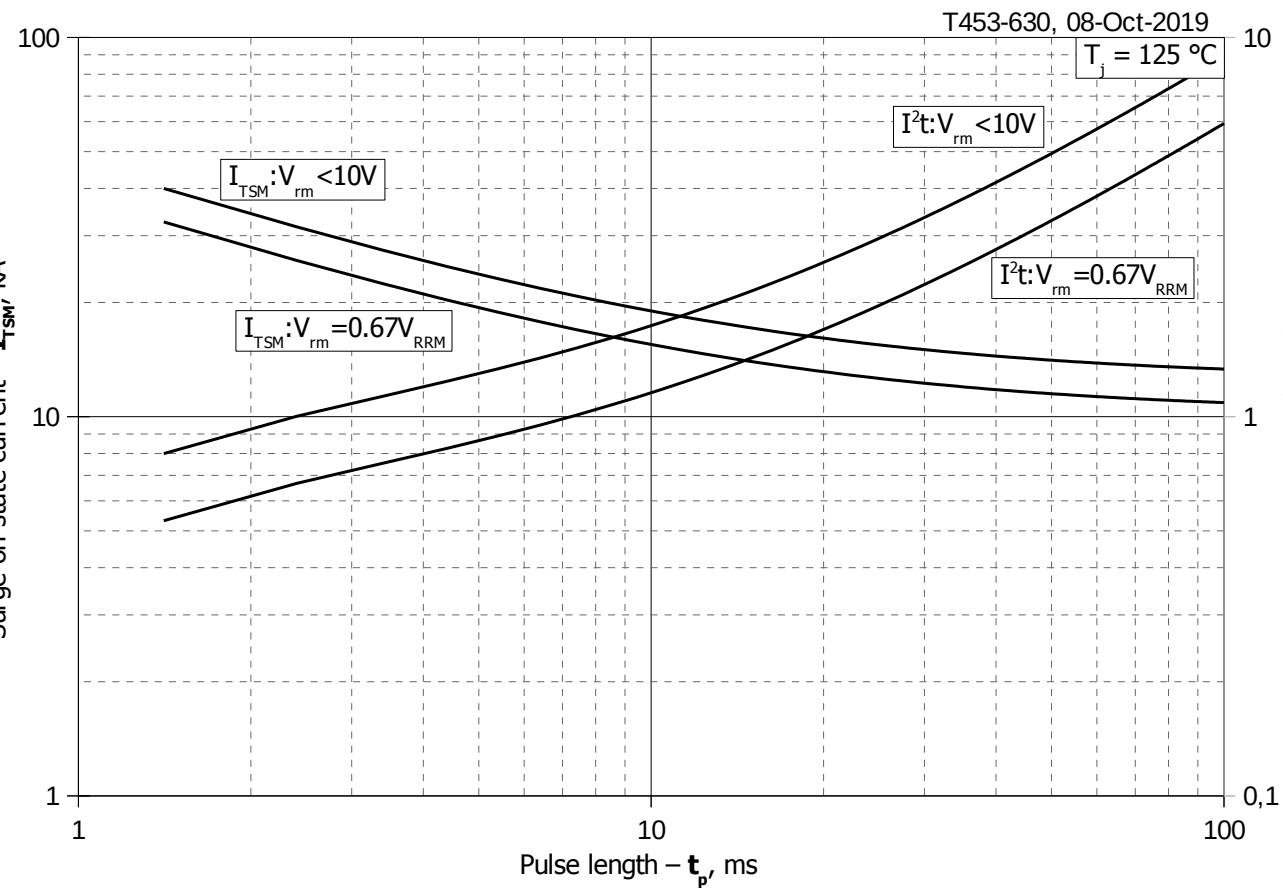


Fig. 11 – Maximum surge on-state current I_{TSM} and safety factor I^2t vs. pulse length t_p

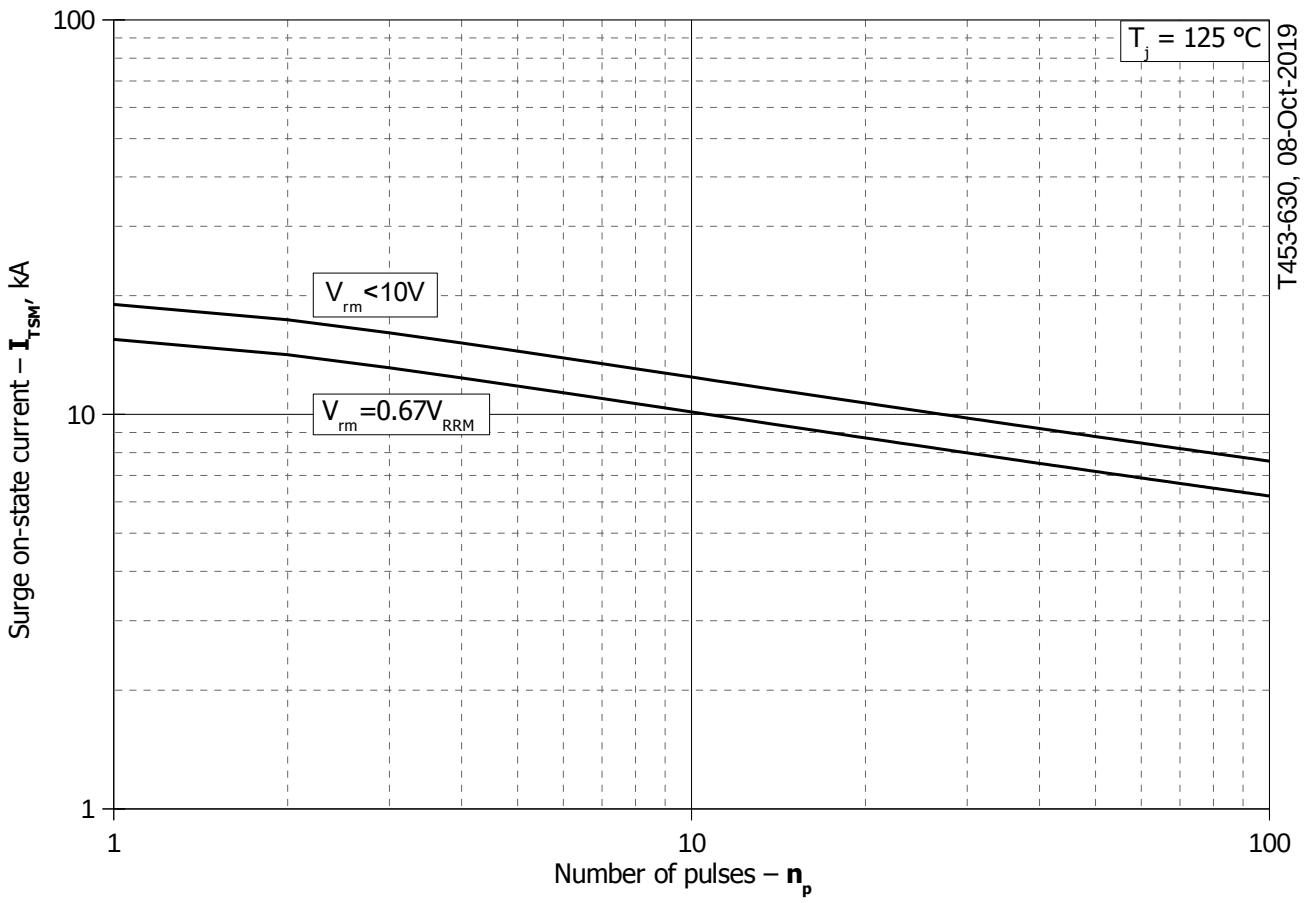


Fig. 12 - Maximum surge on-state current I_{TSM} vs. number of pulses n_p